W

## YOUR RECOVERY JOURNEY AT HOME

When you are in the hospital, you may experience *nutritional decline* and *muscle loss* due to various reasons:<sup>1-4</sup>



#### Nutritional decline

- Prolonged bed rest
- Poor appetite
- Treatment-related side effects (e.g., vomiting or diarrhoea)
- Illness-associated



#### Muscle loss

- Prolonged bed rest
- Physical inactivity
- Poor appetite
- Inflammation

About **50%** of patients are malnourished at discharge.<sup>5</sup>

1 in 4 patients lose weight unintentionally when leaving the hospital.<sup>6</sup> Prolonged bed rest results in loss of muscle mass and strength, leading to **loss of function**.<sup>4,7</sup>

#### Malnutrition and muscle loss can lead to serious consequences:1,2,8



Higher risk of falls and broken bones



Less independence



Higher risk of infections



Higher risk of death



Longer and more frequent hospital stays



Higher healthcare costs

## What can you do to RECOVER BETTER?

KNOW THE WARNING SIGNS<sup>8</sup>



Sudden unexpected weight loss



Loss of appetite



Muscle weakness



Frequest nausea, vomitting, or diarrhea



Slow-healing wounds













Good nutrition is important in your recovery journey. It helps you:9,10

- Heal faster
- Promote independence
- Prevent infection
- Minimize muscle loss

- Build and repair muscle Avoid hospital readmission.

Restore your food foundation - Make continuous effort to eat a complete, well-balanced diet as recommended by the Health Promotion Board of Singapore.



	Food Groups	Recommended number of servings per day
	Brown rice & Wholemeal bread	4-6
<b>6</b>	Fruits	2
	Vegetables	2
1	Meat & Others of which	3
	Dairy foods or Calcium-rich food	1

Source: https://www.healthhub.sg/programmes/nutrition-hub/eat-more

#### Nutrition for your recovery

During recovery, your body will need more calories, protein and other nutrients than usual.

## Eating tips to help you meet your nutritional need8,11



**Enhance flavors with** spices and herbs instead of salt and sugar.



Eat 5-6 smaller meals throughout the day instead of 3 big meals.



ask family or friends to eat





For individuals who are not eating well and have difficulty meeting their nutritional needs through food alone, consider the use of a complete, balanced Oral Nutrition Supplement (ONS) as part of your healthy well-balanced diet to help you better meet nutritional goals.

Consult your healthcare professional if you think you are malnourished or not eating well. They can advise you on a diet plan that is best for you.

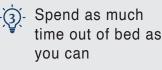
## RESTARTING daily activities at home

It is important to follow the guidance from your healthcare professional about restarting daily activity after you return home.12



Begin slowly







Aim for daily movement



Start with small tasks





**BE PATIENT** – your body will need time to adapt to increased movement before you can fully resume your usual activities.

### **EASING INTO exercise at home**

Consult your healthcare professional before you start any exercise. They can help you determine which exercises are best for you in your present condition and can complement your recovery, and how to do it safely and effectively.

It is important to stop exercise immediately and seek medical attention if you experience any of the following symptoms:13





of breath



Breaking out in cold sweat



pains



the joints

Everyone is different – your healthcare professional can provide specific recommendations tailored to your condition.

Speak with your healthcare professional if you have any concerns with resuming your activities or exercise.



# BE PROACTIVE in supporting your recovery journey



Know the warning signs of malnutrition and muscle loss



Eat nutritious well-balanced diet



Supplement your diet with ONS



Avoid being sedentary – stay active and slowly get into an exercise routine as recommended by your healthcare professional

#### Disclaimer:

This material is for informational purposes only. It does not replace the advice or counsel of a doctor or healthcare professional.

You should consult with, and rely only on the advice of your doctor or healthcare professional.

References: 1. Ng DHL, et al. Nutrients 2023;15(21):4492; 2. Prado CM, et al. Clin Nutr 2022;41(10):2244–2263; 3. Van Dronkelaar C, et al. Nutrients 2019;11(4):932; 4. HealthHub. 2023. Available from: https://www.healthhub.sg/live-healthy/why-bed-rest-often-isnt-best. Accessed Jan 2024; 5. Allard JP, et al. Br J Nutr 2015;114:1612–1622; 6. Keller H, et al. Eur J Clin Nutr 2017;71(6):766–772; 7. HealthXchange.sg. 2021. Available from: https://www.healthxchange.sg/seniors/caregiver-tips/how-to-prevent-prolonged-bed-rest-complications. Accessed March 2024.; 8. ASPEN. 2021. Available from: https://www.nutritioncare.org/uploadedFiles/Documents/Malnutrition/MAW\_2021/Consumer-Info-Sheet-Geriatrics-8.5.21.pdf. Accessed Jan 2024; 9. Hirsch KR, et al. Nutrients 2021;13(5):1675; 10. Lærum-Onsager E, et al. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act 2021;18(1):62; 11. HealthHub. 2023. Available from: https://www.healthhub.sg/live-healthy/nutrition-for-the-golden-years. Accessed Jan 2024; 12. National Council on Aging. 2021. Available from: https://www.ncoa.org/article/tips-for-recovering-after-being-hospitalized-with-acute-illness. Accessed Jan 2024; 13. HealthXChange. 2021. Available from: https://www.healthxchange.sg/seniors/healthy-ageing/best-exercises-seniors. Accessed Jan 2024.